

LED Driver

BCR 320U E6327 / BCR 321U E6327

Datasheet

Revision 2.1, 2015-01-28

Power Management & Multimarket

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Revision History

| Page or Item | Subjects (major changes since previous revision) |
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| Revision 2.1, 2015-01-28 | |
| All | Using full sales names BCR 320U E6327 / BCR 321U E6327 instead of short form BCR320U / BCR321U |
| Page 7 | Halogen free logo removed |

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1 LED Driver

1.1 Features

- LED drive current preset to 10 mA
- Continuous output current up to 250 mA with an external resistor
- Easy paralleling of drivers to increase current
- Supply voltage up to 25 V
- Low side current control
- Digital PWM input up to 10 kHz frequency (BCR 321U E6327)
- Up to 1 W power dissipation in a small SC74 package
- Negative thermal coefficient of -0.2 %/K reduces output current at higher temperatures
- RoHS compliant (Pb-free) package
- Automotive qualified according AEC Q101



SC74-3D



1.2 Applications

- Architectural LED lighting
- Channel letters for advertising, LED strips for decorative lighting
- Retail lighting in fridge, freezer case and vending machines
- Emergency lighting (e.g. steps lighting, exit way signs etc.)

1.3 General Description

The BCR 320U E6327 / BCR 321U E6327 provides a low-cost solution for driving 0.5 W LEDs with a typical LED current of 150 mA to 200 mA. Internal breakdown voltage is higher than 16 V which is the maximum voltage the LED driver can sustain when the output is directly connected to supply voltage.

The BCR 320U E6327 / BCR 321U E6327 can be operated with a supply voltage of more than 16 V considering the voltage drop of the LED load which reduces the output voltage to the maximum rating of the driver.

The enable pin of BCR 320U E6327 can withstand a maximum voltage of 25 V which can be increased adding a series resistor in front of the enable pin reducing the voltage at the enable pin below 25 V.

The digital input pin of BCR 321U E6327 allows dimming via a micro controller with frequencies up to 10 kHz.

A reduction of the output current at higher temperatures is the result of the negative temperature coefficient of -0.2 %/K of the LED driver.

With no need for additional external components like inductors, capacitors and free wheeling diodes, the BCR 320U E6327 / BCR 321U E6327 LED drivers are a cost-efficient and PCB-area saving solution for driving 0.5 W LEDs.

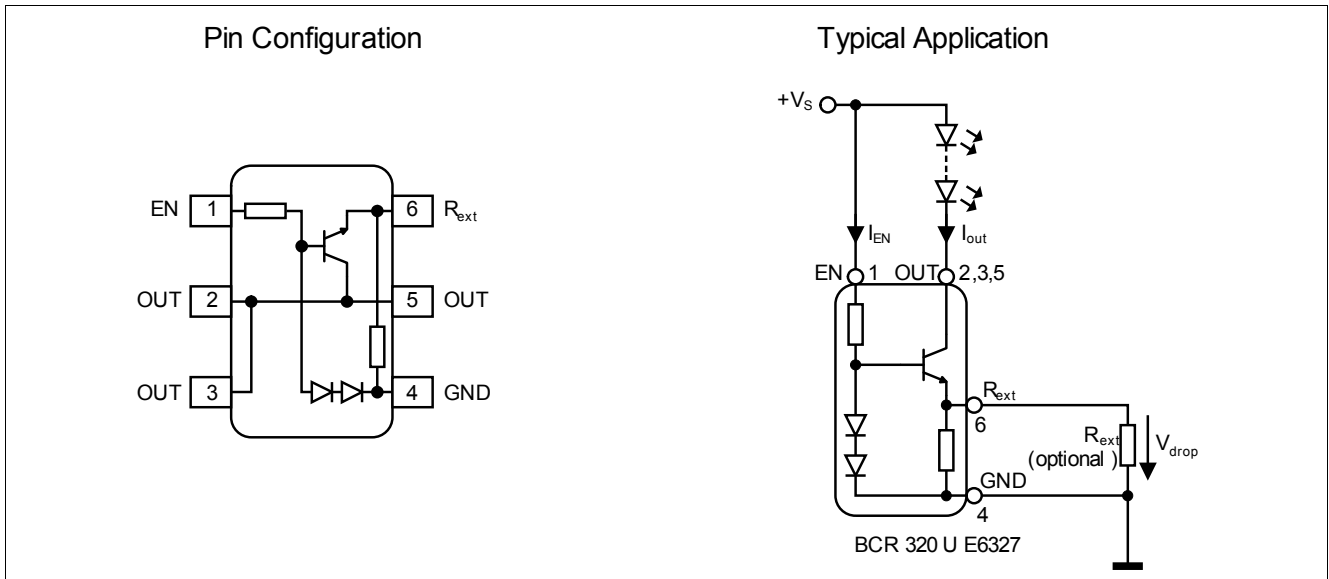


Figure 1-1 Pin configuration and typical application

| Sales Name | Marking | Pin Configuration | | | | Package |
|----------------|---------|-------------------|---------------|---------|----------------------|---------|
| | | 1 = EN | 2; 3; 5 = OUT | 4 = GND | 6 = R _{ext} | |
| BCR 320U E6327 | 30 | 1 = EN | 2; 3; 5 = OUT | 4 = GND | 6 = R _{ext} | SC74 |
| BCR 321U E6327 | 31 | 1 = EN | 2; 3; 5 = OUT | 4 = GND | 6 = R _{ext} | SC74 |

2 Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-1 Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Values | | | Unit | Note / Test Condition |
|--|-----------|--------|------|-----------|------|--------------------------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Enable voltage BCR 320U E6327 BCR 321U E6327 | V_{EN} | - | - | 25 4.5 | V | |
| Output current | I_{out} | - | - | 300 | mA | |
| Output voltage | V_{out} | - | - | 16 | V | |
| Reverse voltage between all terminals | V_R | - | - | 0.5 | V | |
| Total power dissipation | P_{tot} | - | - | 1000 | mW | $T_S \leq 100\text{ °C}$ |
| Junction temperature | T_J | - | - | 150 | °C | |
| Storage temperature range | T_{STG} | -65 | - | 150 | °C | |

Attention: Stresses above the max. values listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Maximum ratings are absolute ratings; exceeding only one of these values may cause irreversible damage to the integrated circuit.

Table 2-2 Thermal Resistance at $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Values | | | Unit | Note / Test Condition |
|--|------------|--------|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Junction - soldering point ¹⁾ | R_{thJS} | - | - | 50 | K/W | |

1) For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note AN077 (Thermal Resistance Calculation)

Table 2-3 Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Values | | | Unit | Note / Test Condition |
|--|---------------|--------|------------|------|------------|---|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | $V_{BR(CEO)}$ | 16 | - | - | V | $I_C = 1\text{ mA}, I_B = 0$ |
| Enable current BCR 320U E6327 BCR 321U E6327 | I_{EN} | - | 1.2 1.2 | - | mA | $V_{EN} = 12\text{ V}$ $V_{EN} = 3.3\text{ V}$ |
| DC current gain | h_{FE} | 200 | 350 | 500 | - | $I_C = 50\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$ |
| Internal resistor | R_{int} | 85 | 95 | 105 | Ω | $I_{Rint} = 10\text{ mA}$ |
| Bias resistor BCR 320U E6327 BCR 321U E6327 | R_B | - | 10 1.5 | - | k Ω | |

Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-3 Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified (cont'd)

| Parameter | Symbol | Values | | | Unit | Note / Test Condition |
|---|------------|--------|------|------|------|--|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Output current BCR 320U E6327 BCR 321U E6327 | I_{out} | 9 | 10 | 11 | mA | $V_{out} = 1.4\text{ V}$ $V_{EN} = 12\text{ V}$ |
| Output current at $R_{ext} = 3\ \Omega$ BCR 320U E6327 BCR 321U E6327 | | 9 | 10 | 11 | | |
| Voltage drop (V_{Rext}) | V_{drop} | 0.85 | 0.95 | 1.05 | V | $I_{out} = 10\text{ mA}$ |

Table 2-4 DC Characteristics with stabilized LED load at $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Values | | | Unit | Note / Test Condition |
|--|--------------------------|--------|------|------|------|---|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Lowest sufficient supply voltage overhead | V_{Smin} | - | 1.4 | - | V | $I_{out} > 18\text{ mA}$ |
| Output current change versus T_A BCR 320U E6327 BCR 321U E6327 | $\Delta I_{out}/I_{out}$ | - | -0.2 | - | %K | $V_{out} > 2.0\text{ V}$ $V_{EN} = 12\text{ V}$ $V_{EN} = 3.3\text{ V}$ |
| Output current change versus V_S BCR 320U E6327 BCR 321U E6327 | | - | 1 | - | | |

3 Typical characteristics

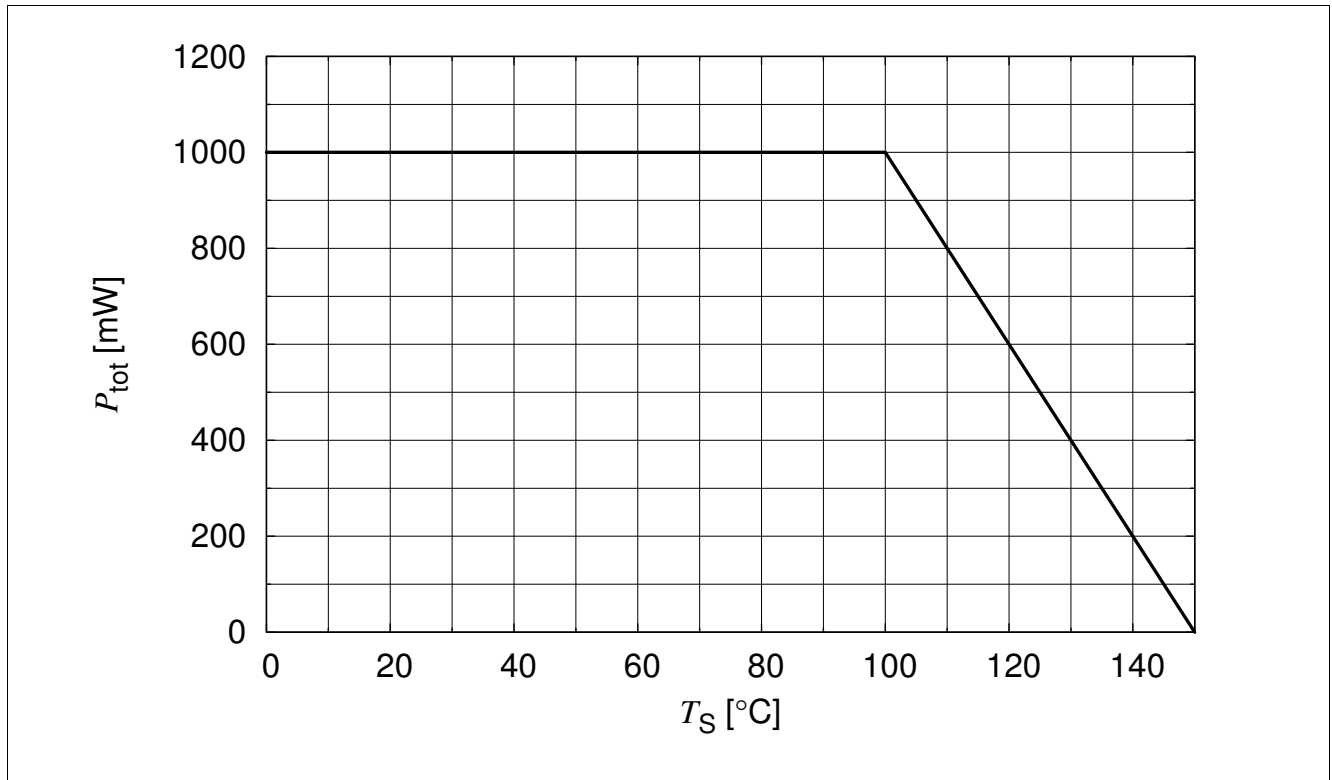


Figure 3-1 Total Power Dissipation $P_{tot} = f(T_S)$

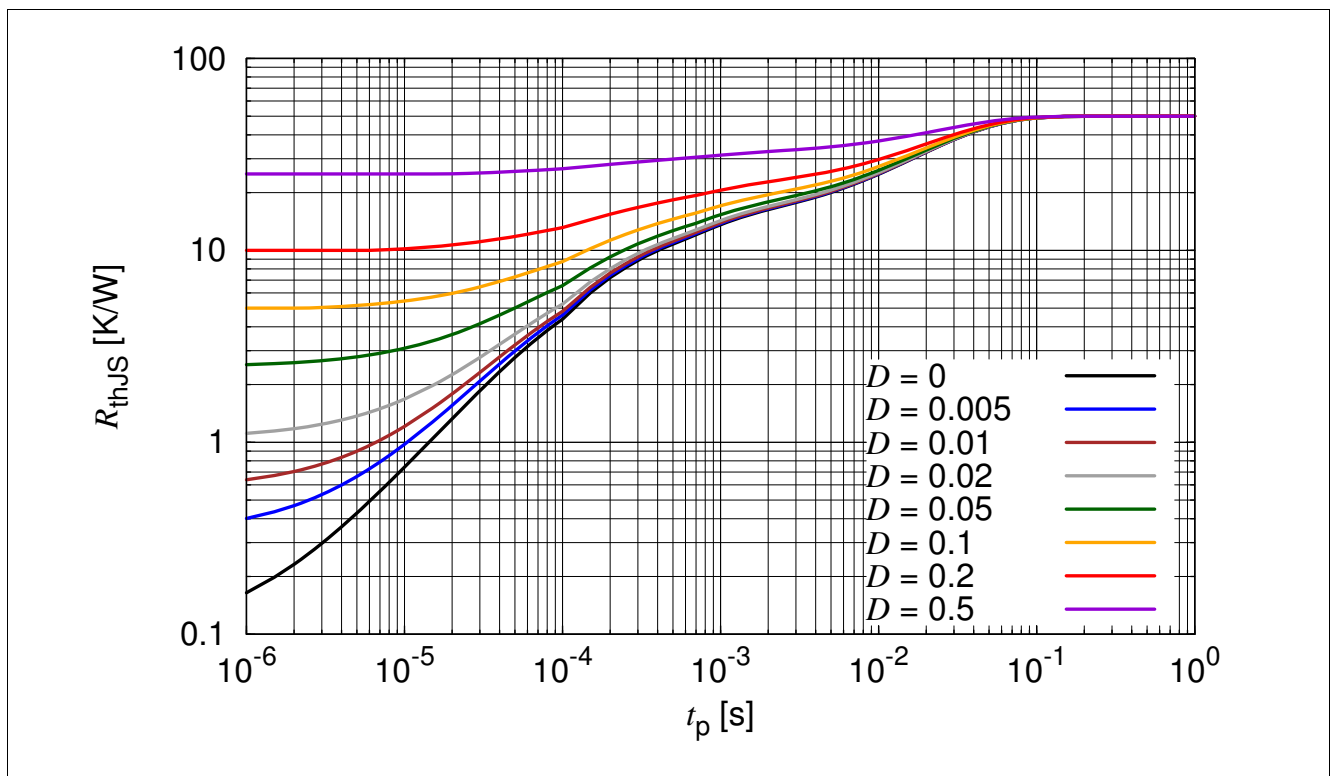


Figure 3-2 Permissible Pulse Load $R_{thJS} = f(t_p)$

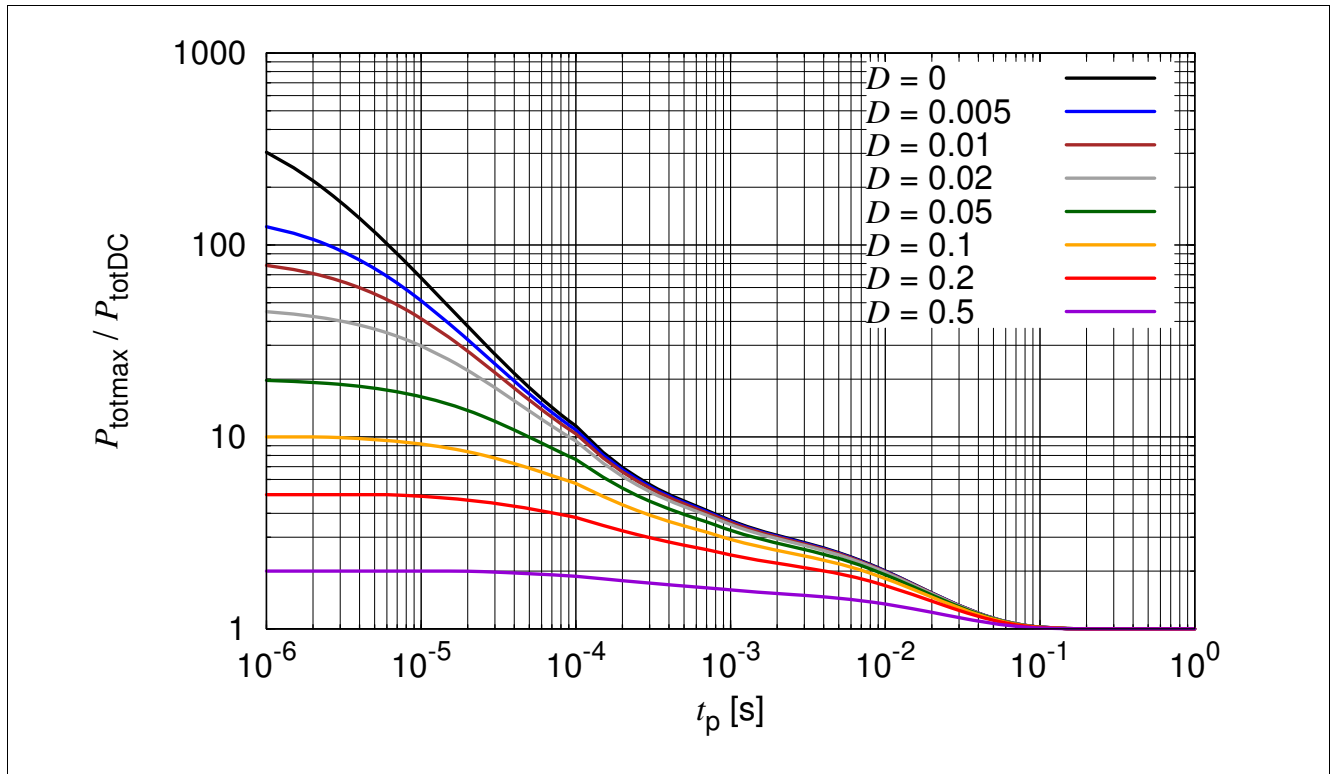


Figure 3-3 Permissible Pulse Load $P_{totmax} / P_{totDC} = f(t_p)$



Figure 3-4 BCR 320U: Output Current versus V_{out} $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$, $V_{EN} = 12 V$, $R_{ext} = \text{Parameter}$



Figure 3-5 BCR 320U: Output Current versus R_{ext} $I_{out} = f(R_{ext})$, $V_{EN} = 12 V$, $V_{out} = \text{Parameter}$



Figure 3-6 BCR 320U: Output Current versus V_{out} $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$, $V_{EN} = 12$ V, $R_{ext} = \text{open}$, $T_A = \text{Parameter}$



Figure 3-7 BCR 320U: Output Current versus V_{out} $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$, $V_{EN} = 12$ V, $R_{ext} = 20 \Omega$, $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

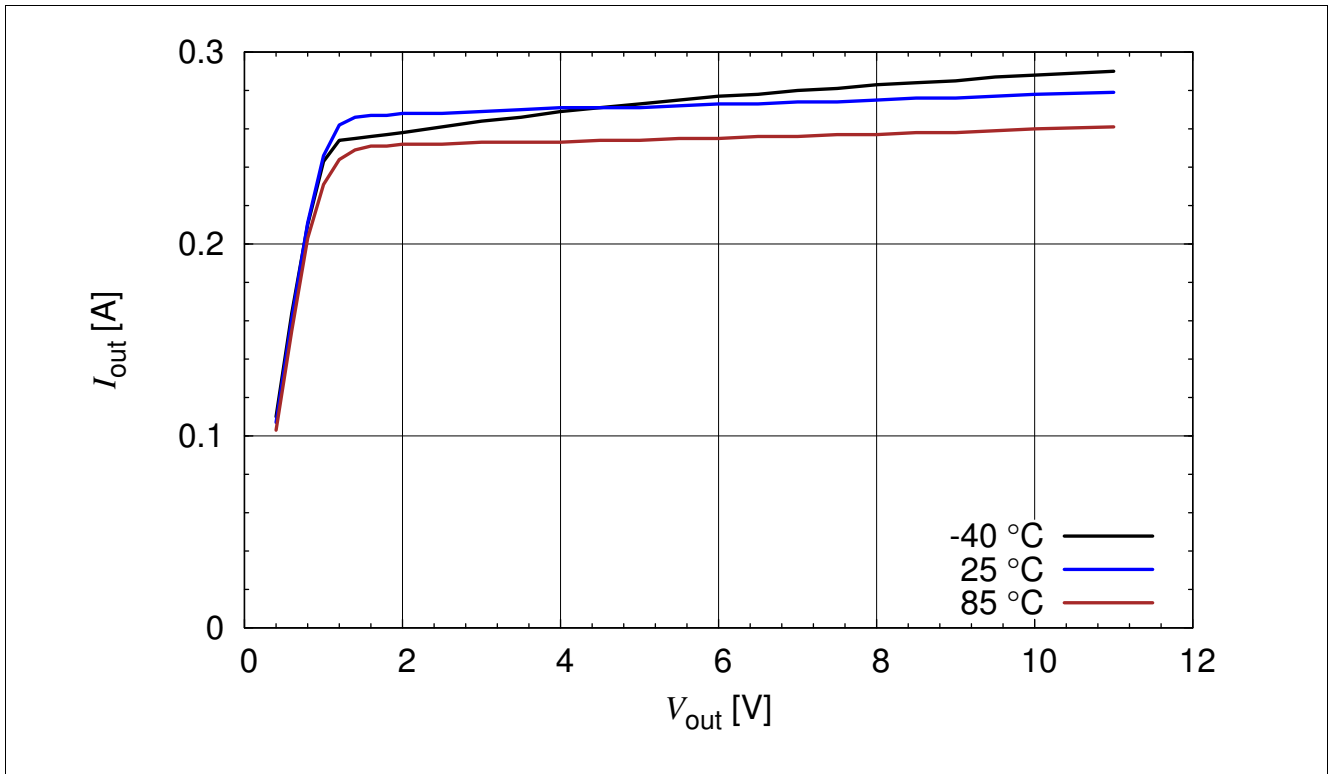


Figure 3-8 BCR 320U: Output Current versus V_{out} $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$, $V_{EN} = 12$ V, $R_{ext} = 3 \Omega$, $T_A =$ Parameter



Figure 3-9 BCR 320U: Output Current versus V_{EN} $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$, $V_{out} = 2$ V, $R_{ext} =$ open, $T_A =$ Parameter

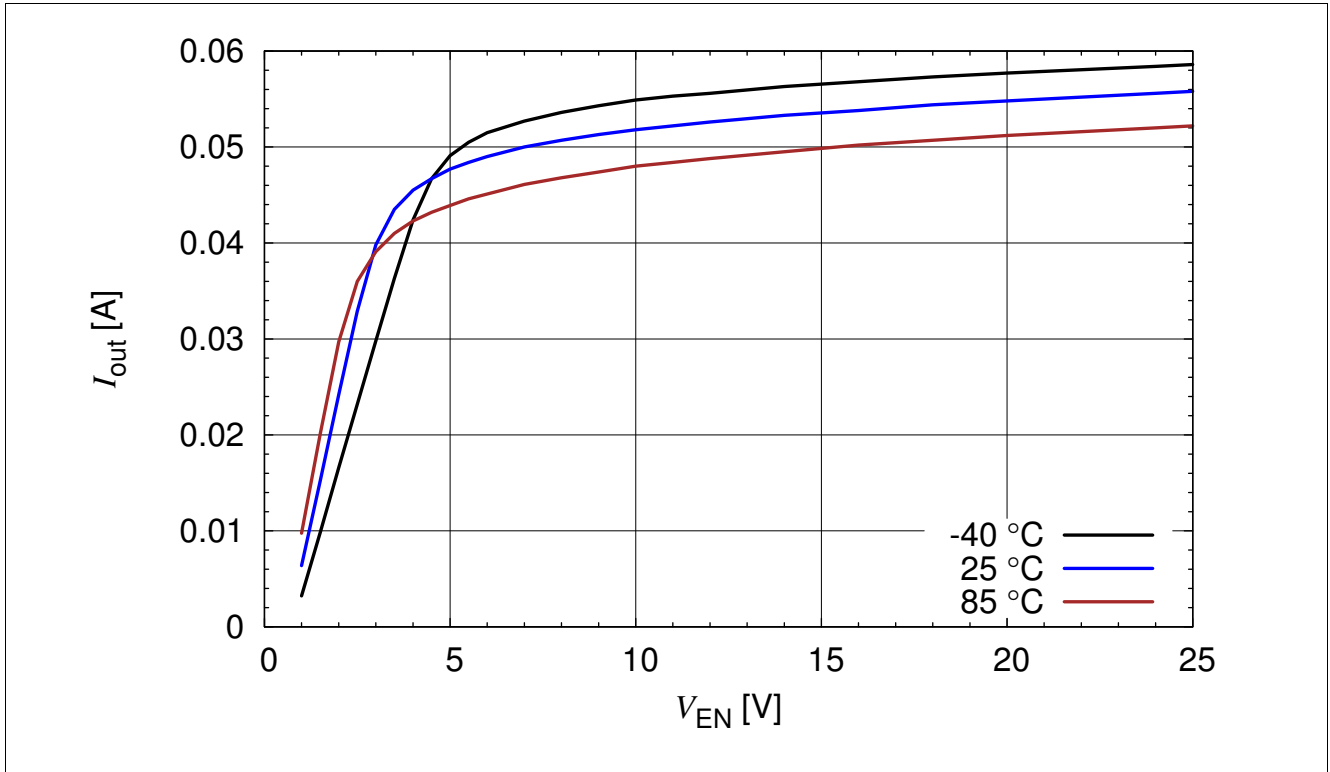


Figure 3-10 BCR 320U: Output Current versus V_{EN} $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$, $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_{ext} = 20\ \Omega$, $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

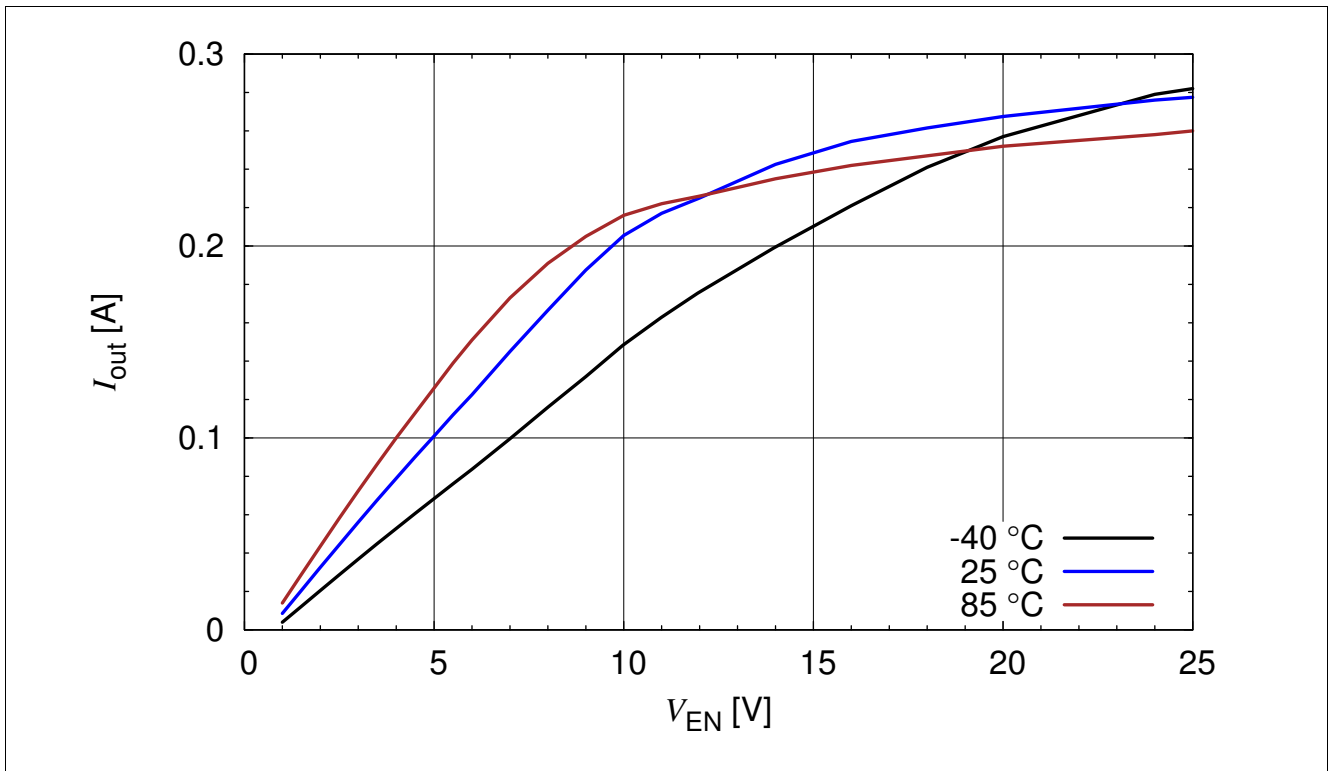


Figure 3-11 BCR 320U: Output Current versus V_{EN} $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$, $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_{ext} = 3\ \Omega$, $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

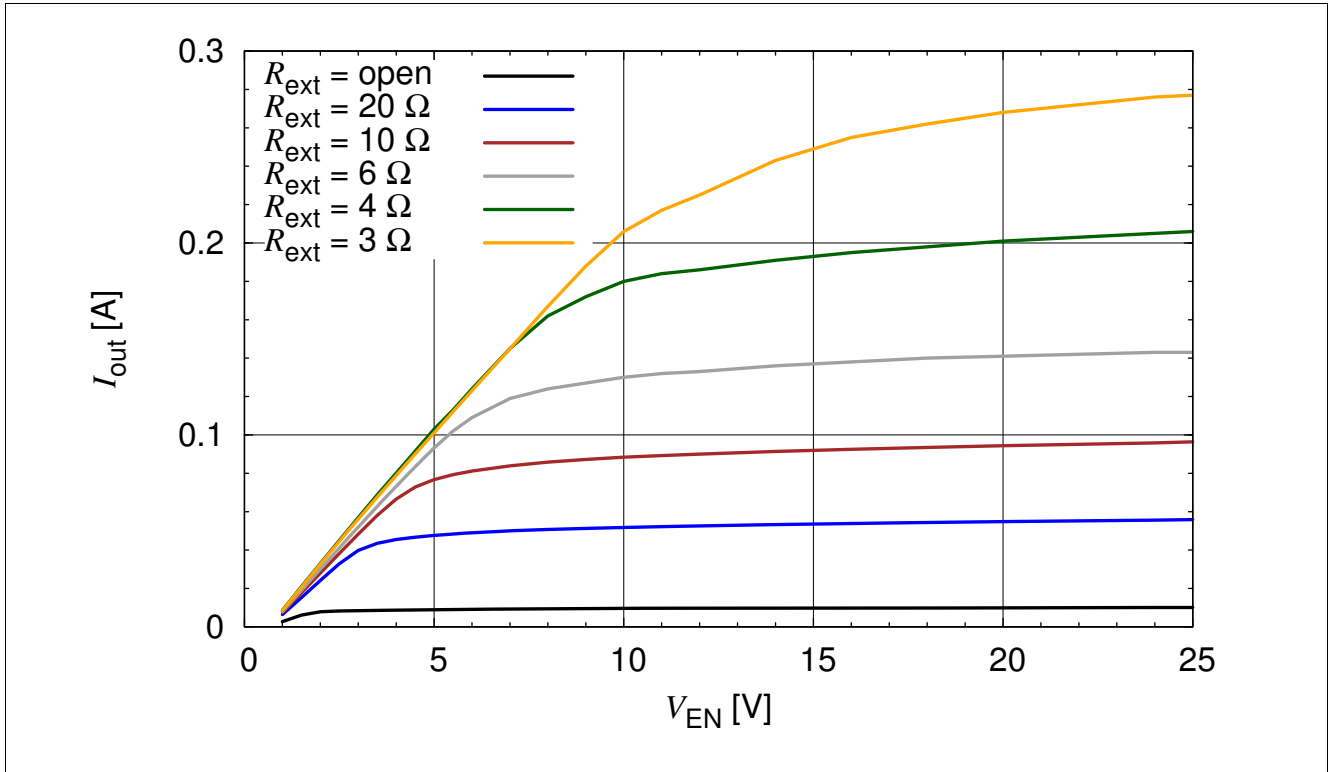


Figure 3-12 BCR 320U: Output Current versus V_{EN} $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$, $V_{out} = 2 \text{ V}$, $R_{ext} = \text{Parameter}$

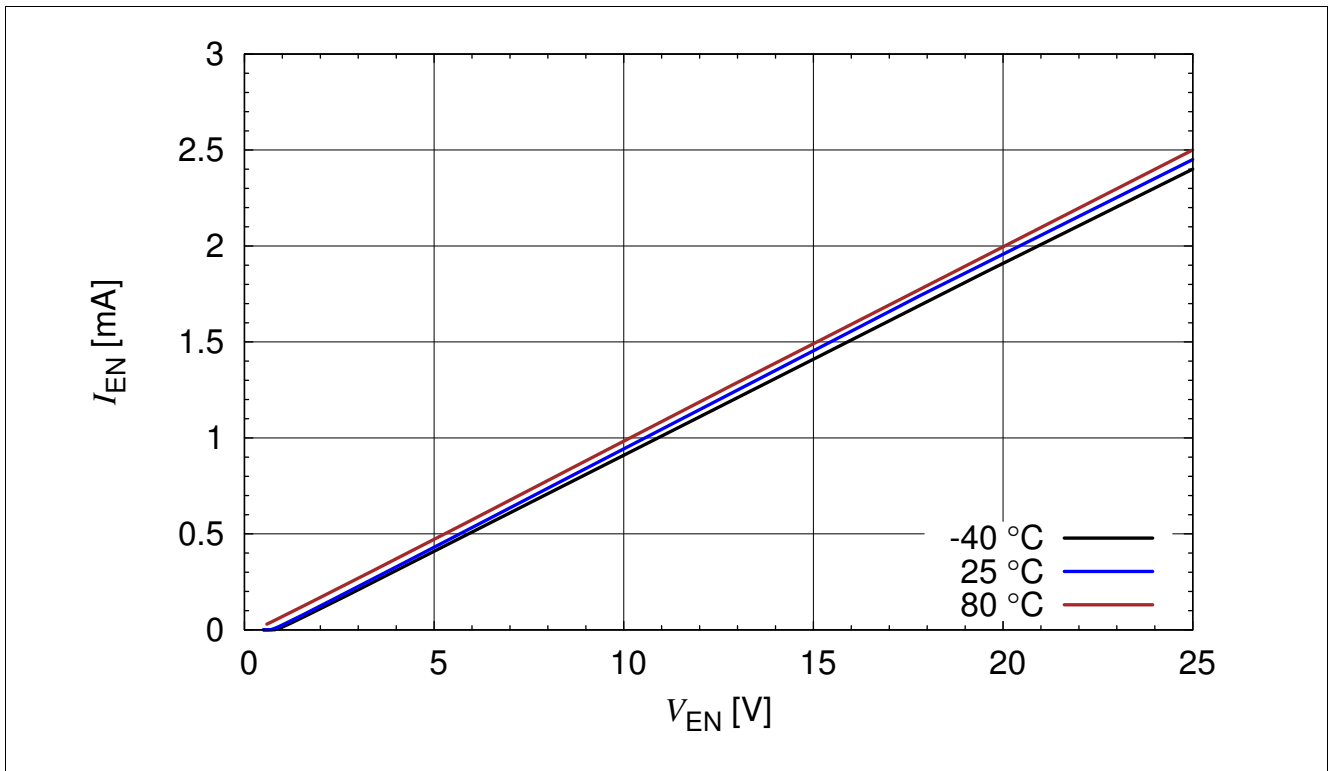


Figure 3-13 BCR 320U: Enable Current versus V_{EN} $I_{EN} = f(V_{EN})$, $R_{ext} = \text{open}$, $I_{out} = 0 \text{ A}$, $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

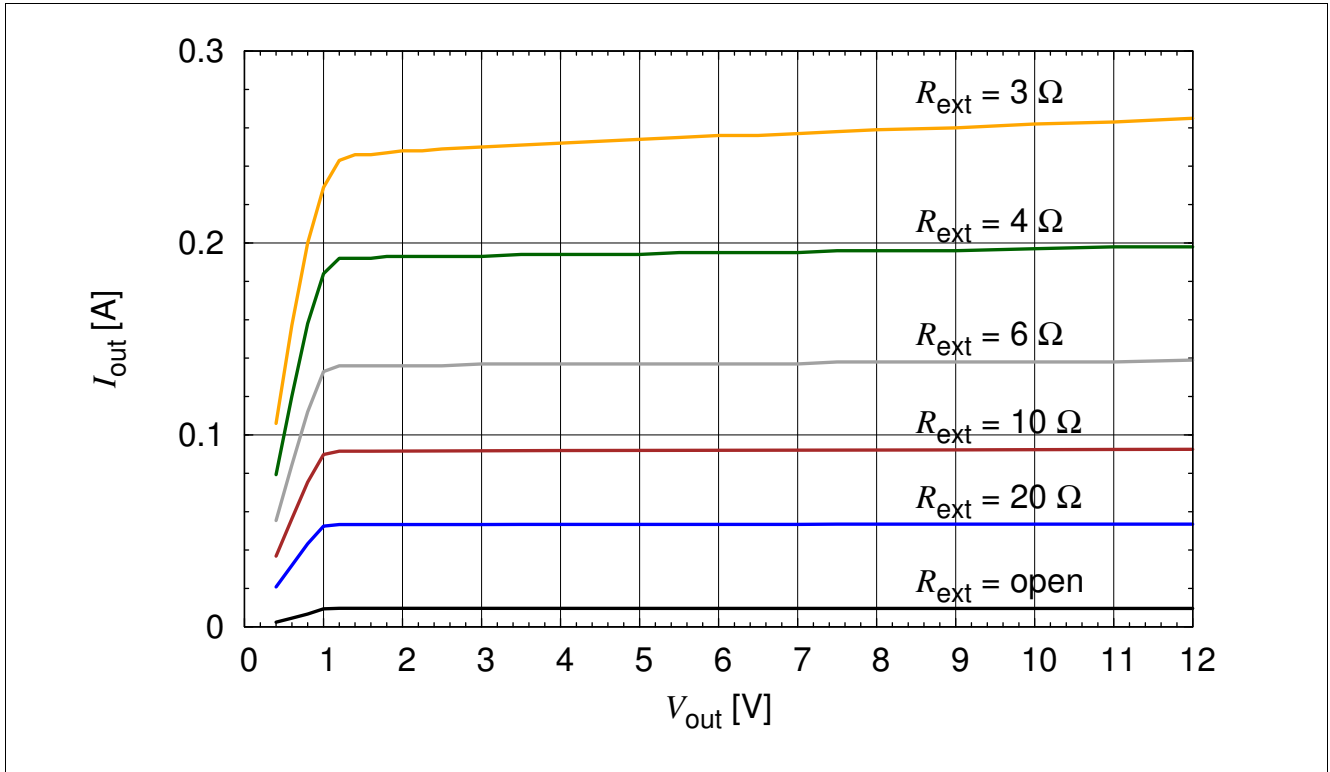


Figure 3-14 BCR 321U: Output Current versus V_{out} $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$, $V_{EN} = 3.3$ V, $R_{ext} =$ Parameter

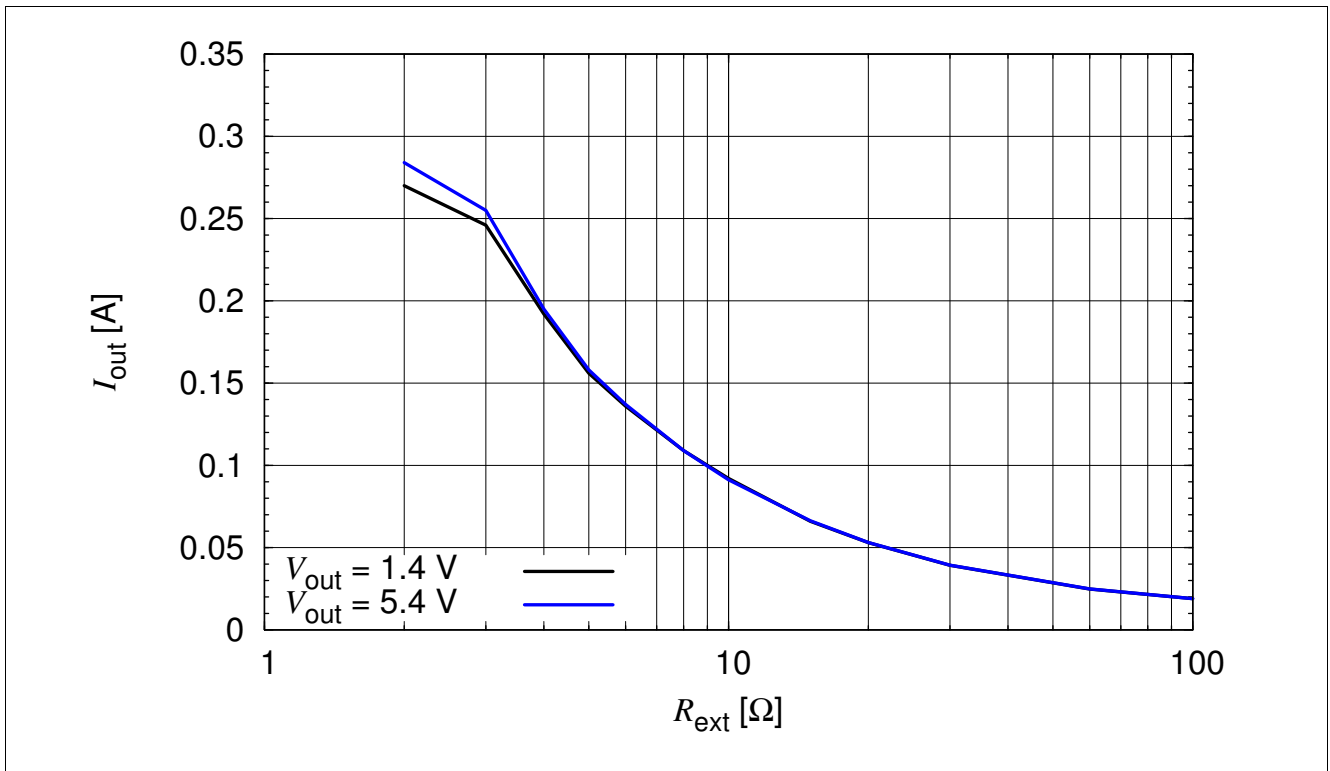


Figure 3-15 BCR 321U: Output Current versus R_{ext} $I_{out} = f(R_{ext})$, $V_{EN} = 3.3$ V, $V_{out} =$ Parameter

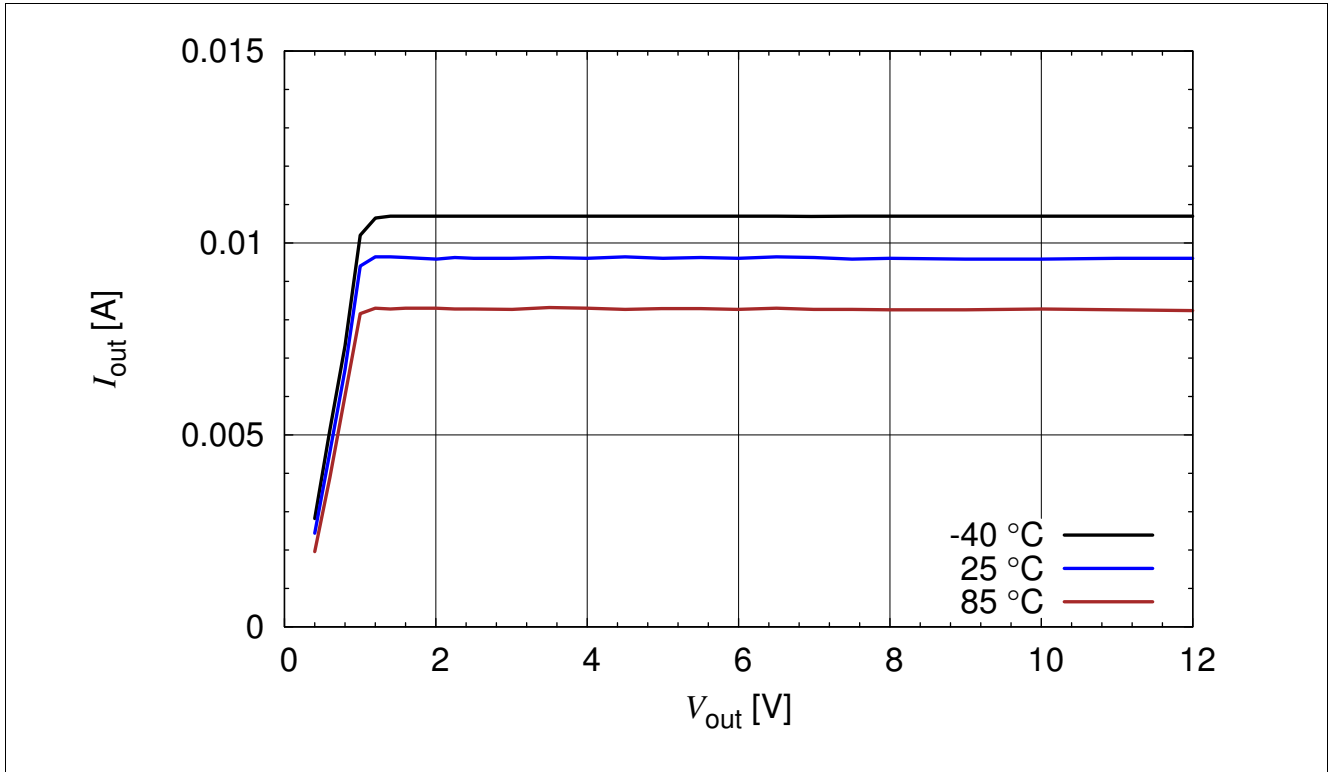


Figure 3-16 BCR 321U: Output Current versus V_{out} $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$, $V_{EN} = 3.3$ V, $R_{ext} = open$, $T_A = Parameter$

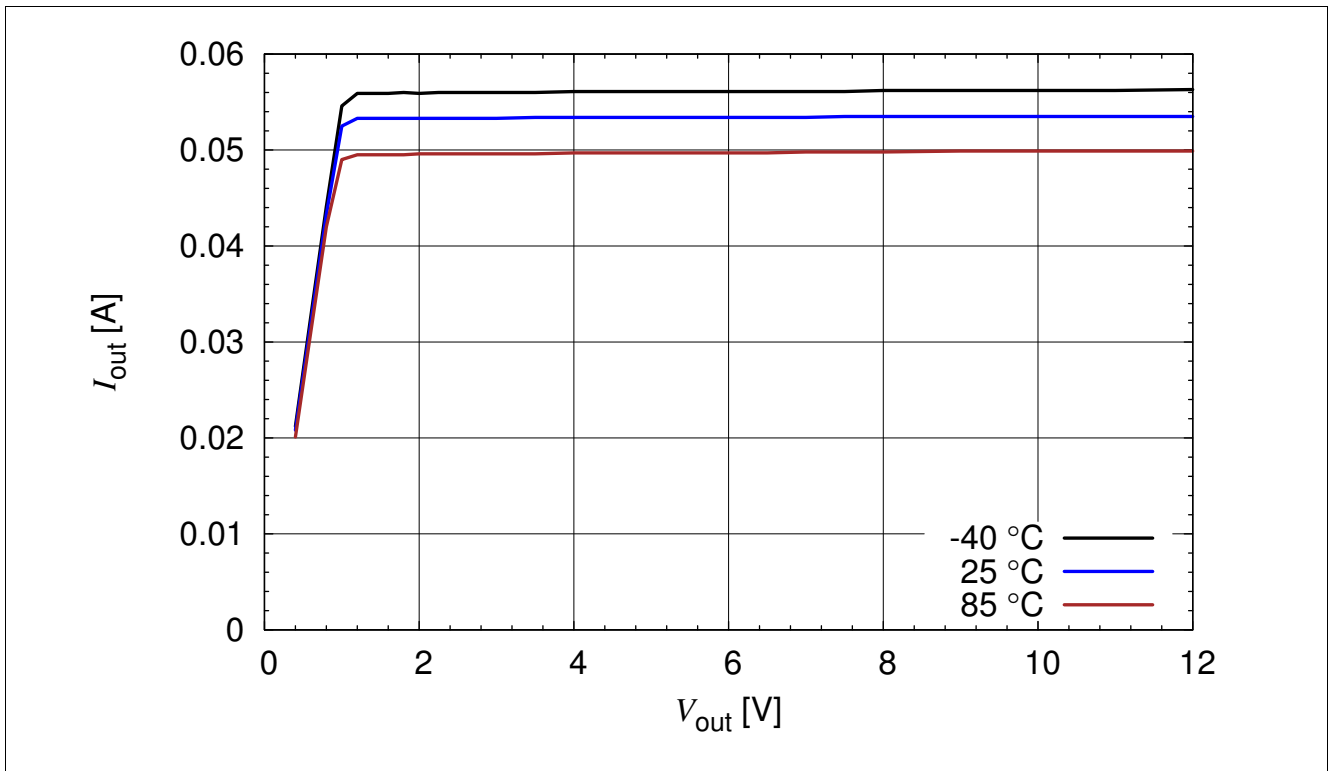


Figure 3-17 BCR 321U: Output Current versus V_{out} $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$, $V_{EN} = 3.3$ V, $R_{ext} = 20 \Omega$, $T_A = Parameter$

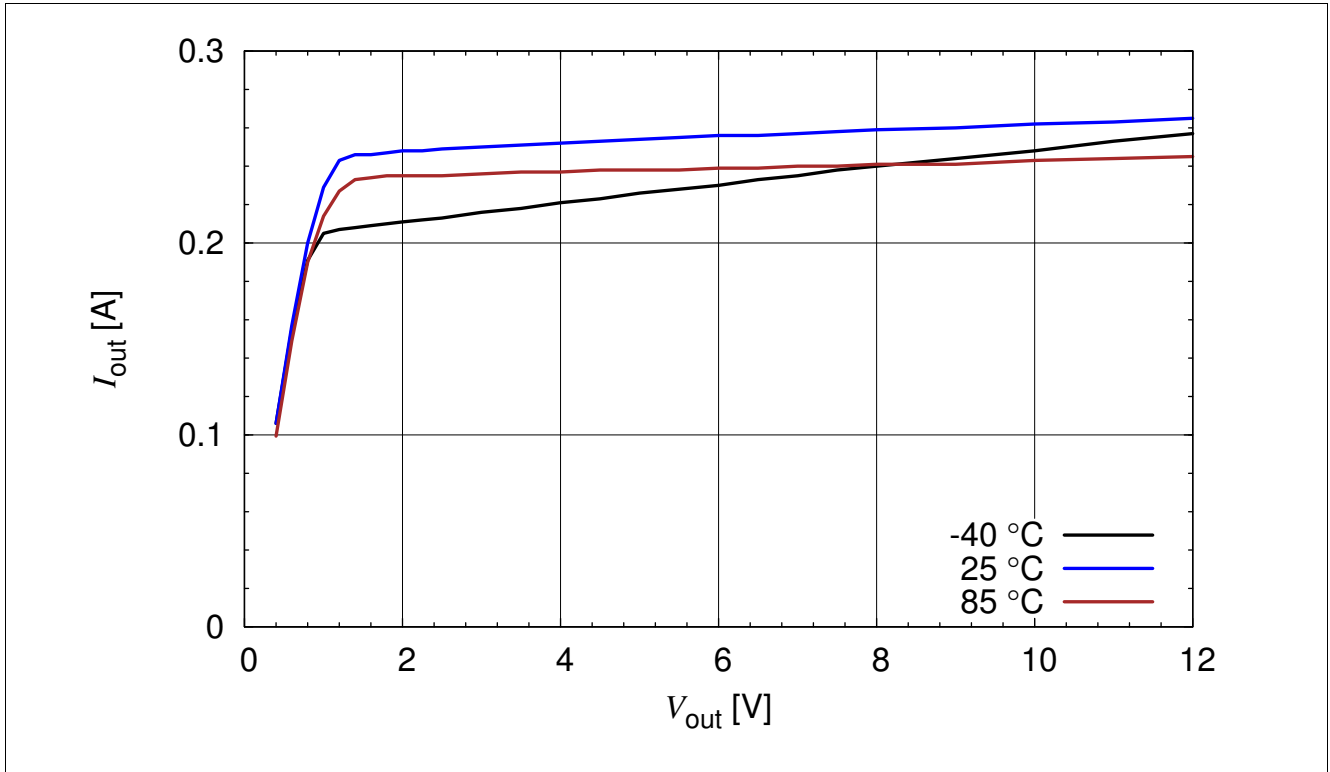


Figure 3-18 BCR 321U: Output Current versus V_{out} $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$, $V_{EN} = 3.3$ V, $R_{ext} = 3 \Omega$, $T_A =$ Parameter

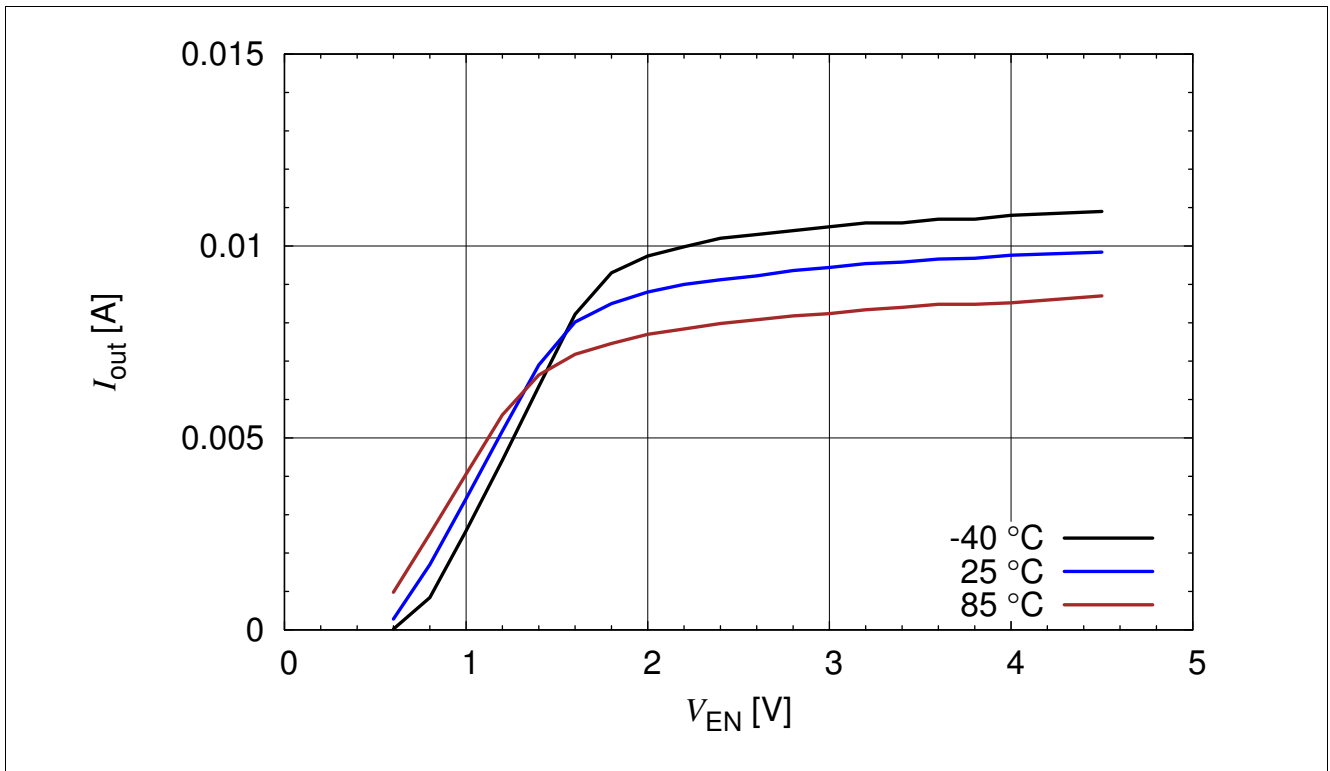


Figure 3-19 BCR 321U: Output Current versus V_{EN} $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$, $V_{out} = 2$ V, $R_{ext} =$ open, $T_A =$ Parameter

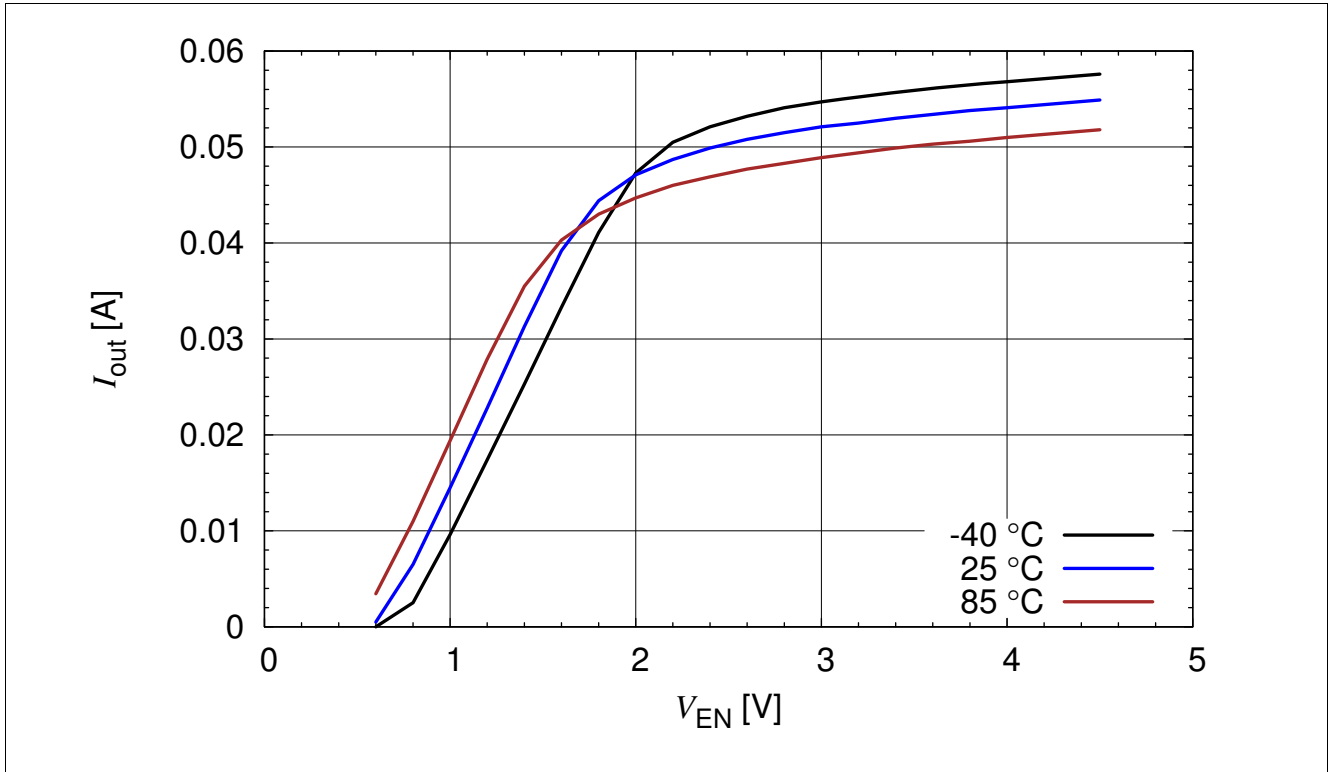


Figure 3-20 BCR 321U: Output Current versus V_{EN} $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$, $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_{ext} = 20\ \Omega$, $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

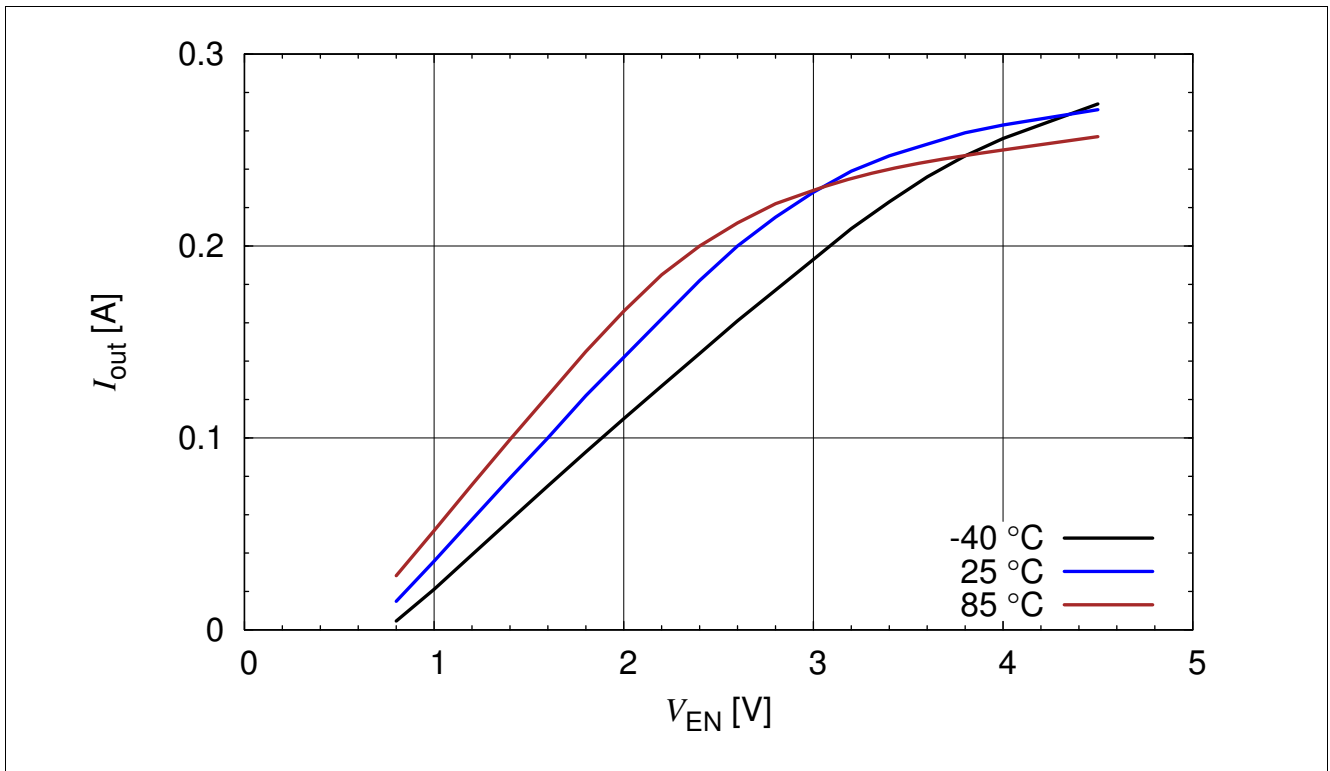


Figure 3-21 BCR 321U: Output Current versus V_{EN} $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$, $V_{out} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_{ext} = 3\ \Omega$, $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

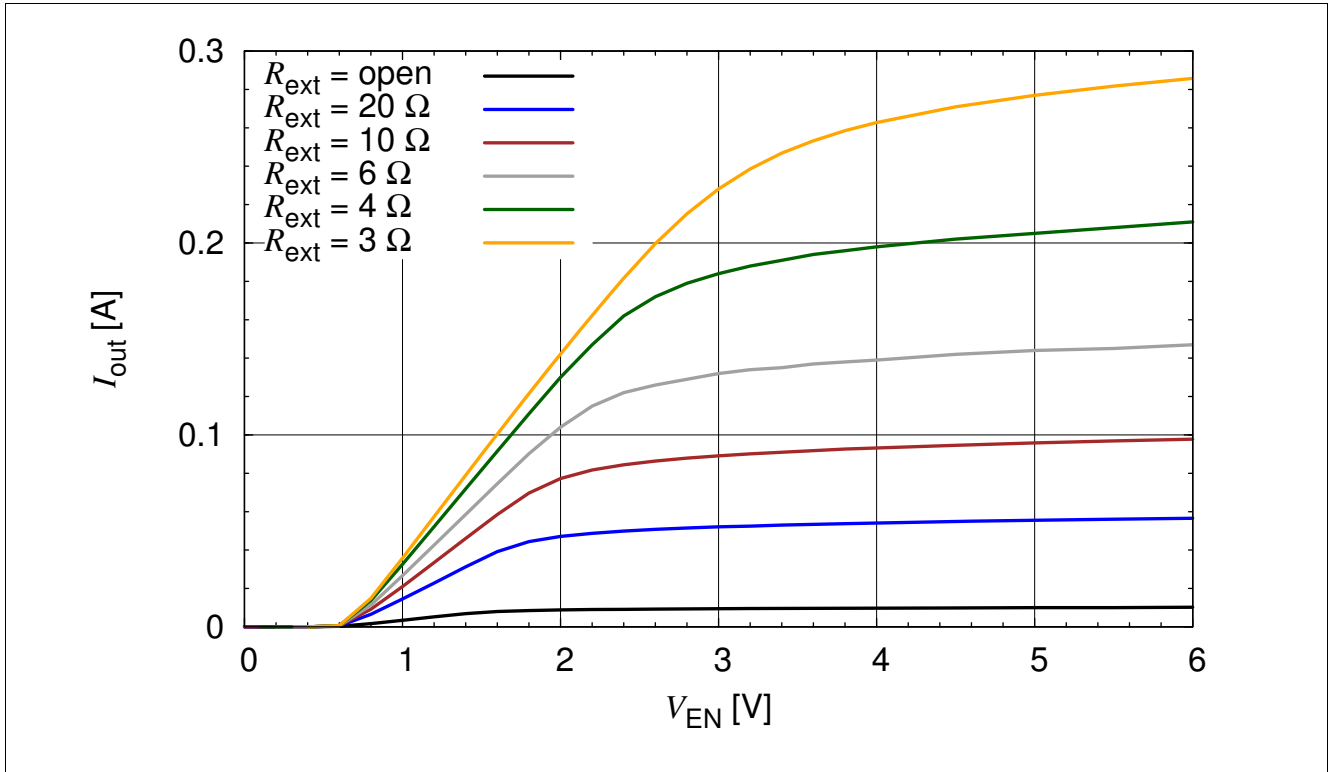


Figure 3-22 BCR 321U: Output Current versus V_{EN} $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$, $V_{out} = 2$ V, $R_{ext} =$ Parameter

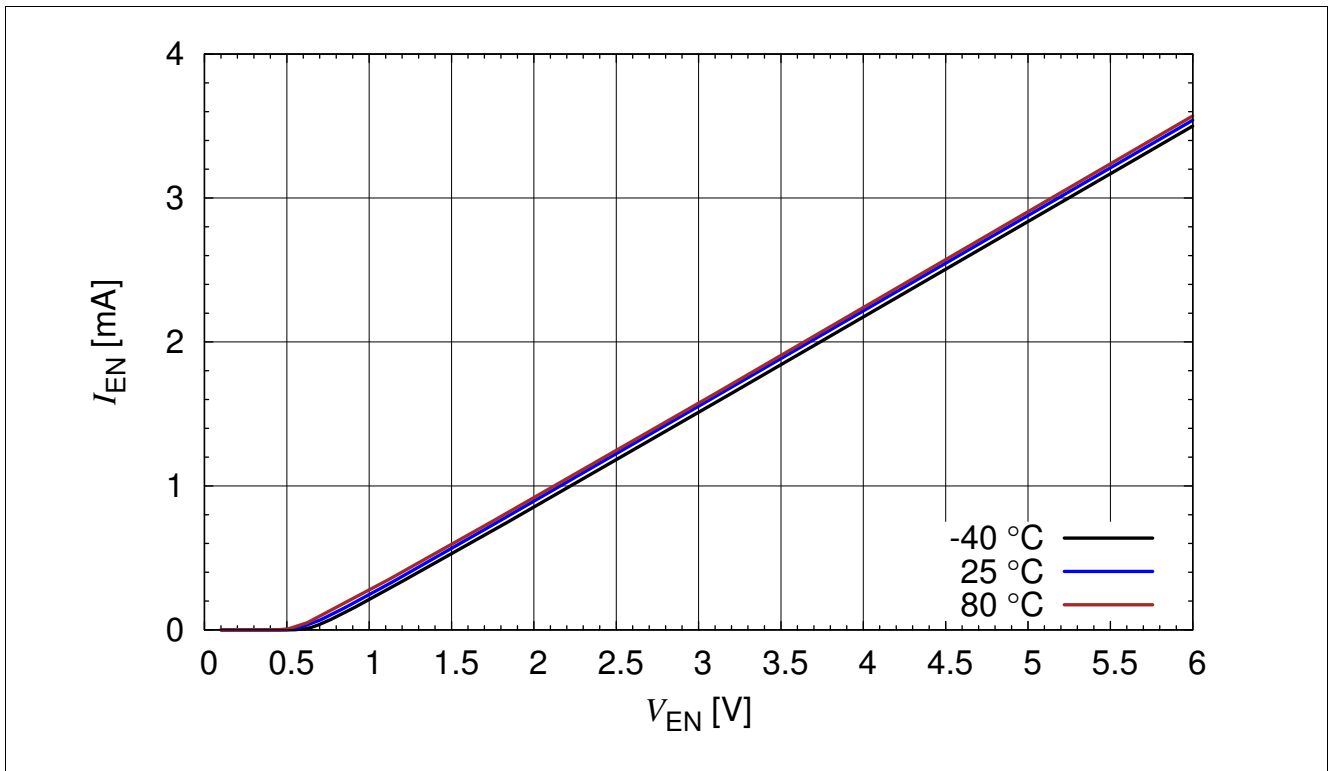


Figure 3-23 BCR 321U: Enable Current versus V_{EN} $I_{EN} = f(V_{EN})$, $R_{ext} =$ open, $I_{out} = 0$ A, $T_A =$ Parameter

4 Application hints

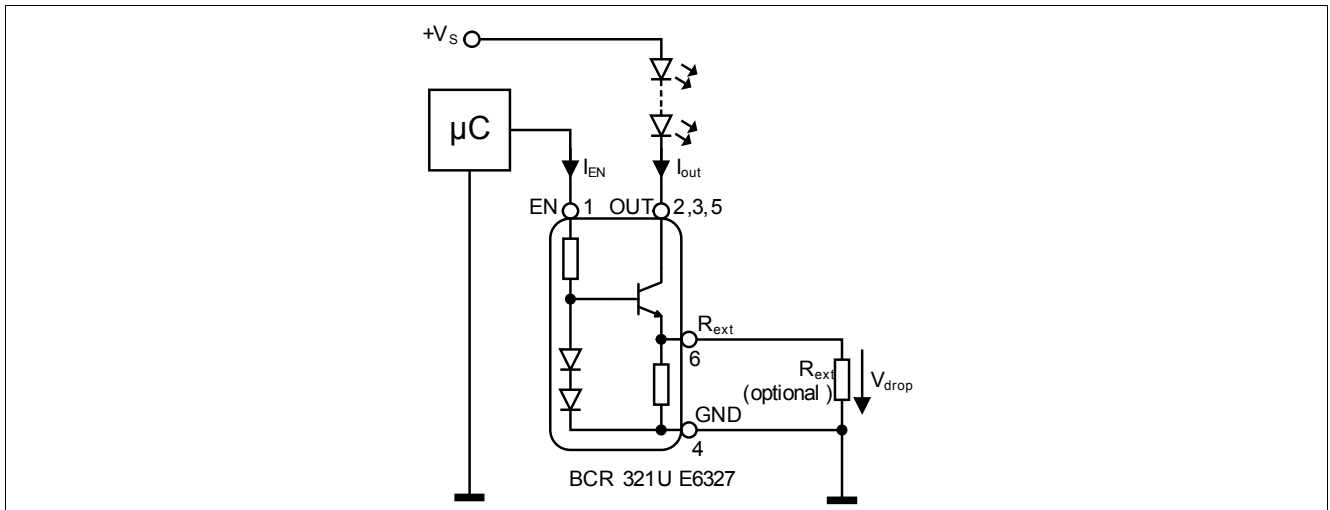


Figure 4-1 Application Circuit: Enabling / PWM by Micro Controller

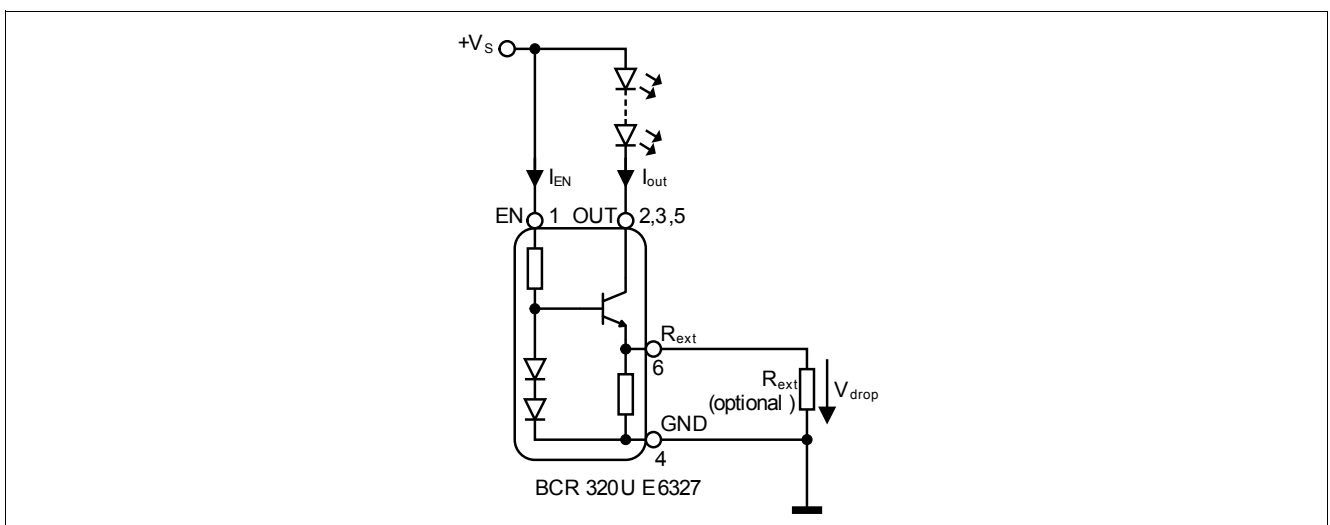


Figure 4-2 Application Circuit: Enabling by Connecting to V_S

Application hints

BCR 320U E6327 / BCR 321U E6327 serve as an easy to use constant current sources for LEDs. In stand alone application an external resistor can be connected to adjust the current from 10 mA to 250 mA. R_{ext} can be determined by using [Figure 3-5](#) or [Figure 3-15](#). Connecting a low tolerance resistor R_{ext} will improve the overall accuracy of the current sense resistance formed by the parallel connection of R_{int} and R_{ext} leading to an improved current accuracy. Please take into account that the resulting output currents will be slightly lower due to the self heating of the component and the negative thermal coefficient.

Please visit our web site www.infineon.com/lowcostleddriver for application notes and for up-to-date application information.

5 Package

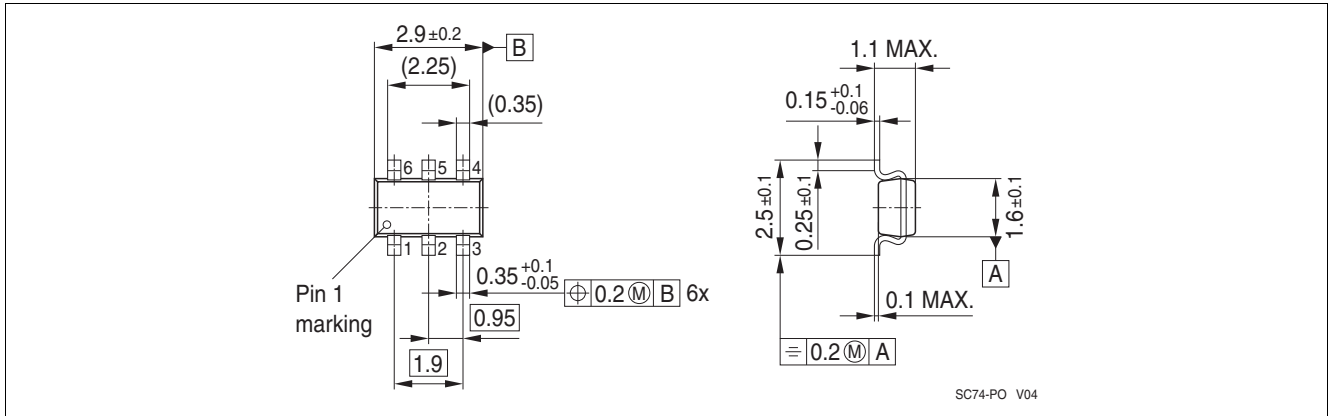


Figure 5-1 Package Outline for SC74 (dimensions in mm)

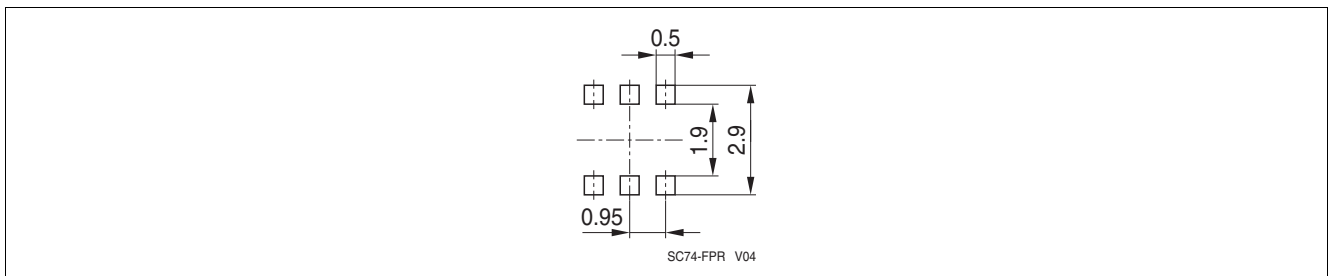


Figure 5-2 Package Footprint for SC74 (dimensions in mm)

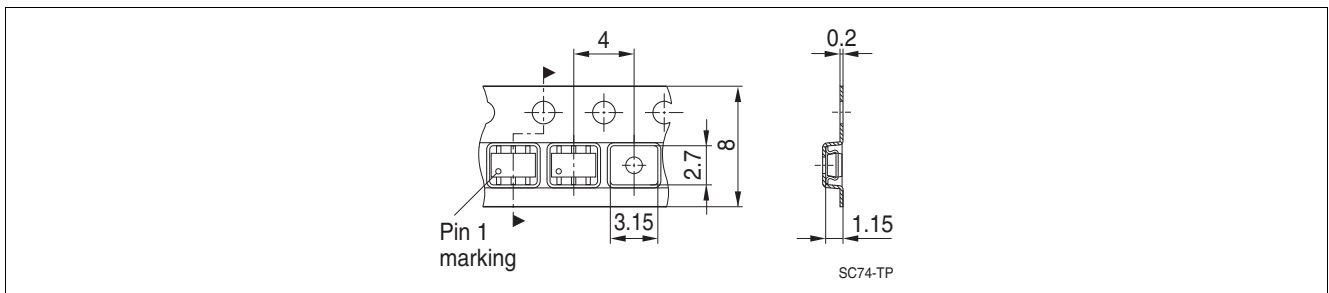


Figure 5-3 Tape and Reel Information for SC74 (dimensions in mm)

Terminology

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| $\Delta I_{out}/I_{out}$ | Output current change |
| h_{FE} | DC current gain |
| I_{EN} | Enable current |
| I_{out} | Output current |
| I_R | Reverse current |
| LED | Light Emitting Diode |
| PCB | Printed Circuit Board |
| P_{tot} | Total power dissipation |
| PWM | Pulse Width Modulation |
| R_B | Bias resistor |
| R_{ext} | External resistor |
| R_{int} | Internal resistor |
| RoHs | Restriction of Hazardous Substance directive |
| R_{thJS} | Thermal resistance junction to soldering point |
| T_A | Ambient temperature |
| T_J | Junction temperature |
| T_S | Soldering point temperature |
| T_{stg} | Storage temperature |
| $V_{BR(CEO)}$ | Collector-emitter breakdown voltage |
| V_{BR} | Breakdown voltage |
| V_{drop} | Voltage drop |
| V_{EN} | Enable voltage |
| V_{out} | Output voltage |
| V_R | Reverse voltage |
| V_S | Supply voltage |
| V_{Smin} | Lowest sufficient supply voltage overhead |

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